

Onalee Milbocker

Dr. Jason Ladwig, pulmonologist, Borgess Pulmonary

"It's essentially a GPS guide for the lung," he said. A fiber optic probe was inserted through Onalee's throat and guided to the tiny-12mm-nodule, allowing immediate access to the nodule and a biopsy.

"By conventional means we still would have been stuck waiting" and the cancer could have gone undetected, Dr. Ladwig said. "But we were able to use our new technology to biopsy it now and not wait any longer."

Once diagnosed, Onalee was

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A new approach to lung cancer

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scheduled for surgery.

"The new technology was very beneficial for Onalee so that she could come to me to talk about doing minimally invasive lung surgery to remove her lung cancer and give her the best chance for a cure,"

said Dr. Samer Kanaan, thoracic surgeon, Borgess CardioThoracic Surgery.

Onalee was in Borgess only three days following the surgery and will be closely monitored. She is, however,



Jason Ladwig, MD



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Dr. Samer Kanaan (left) and Dr. Jason Ladwig explain a new approach for lung cancer using **Electromagnetic Navigational Bronchoscopy (ENP) on WWMT's** "Doc Talk." The story can be seen at thatswhere.com.

now cancer free.

"Everybody now is just looking forward and being so grateful," Onalee said. "I had terrific doctors and I couldn't be more grateful."

The American Cancer Society says that despite advances in diagnosis and treatment of lung cancer during the last 50 years, it causes more deaths than any

other cancer in men and women. Lung cancer is the most common form of cancer diagnosis in the United States and accounts for 14 percent of all cancer deaths.

"Anything we can do to capture lung cancer early such as a stage 1, as Onalee was, we can give them an 85-plus percent chance of being cured at five years," Dr. Kanaan said.